

Annual Return (AR30) form

Society Name: OVESCO Limited Society Num: 30875 R

An Annual Return must be completed by all societies registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 ('the Act') (including any societies previously registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Act 1965). The Annual Return must include:

- this form;
- a set of the society's accounts; and
- where required, an audit report or report on the accounts.

A society must submit the Annual Return within 7 months of the end of the society's financial year. Failure to submit on time is a prosecutable offence.

Please note that this form, including any details provided on the form, will be made available to the public through the Mutuals Public Register.

For guidance on our registration function for societies, which includes guidance on the requirement to submit an Annual Return, please see <u>here</u>

2.1 What date did the financial year covered by these accounts end?

31/12/2020		
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3.1 Please provide the names of the people who were directors of the society during the financial year this return covers.

Some societies use the term 'committee member' or 'trustee' instead of 'director'. For ease of reference, we use 'director' throughout this form.

Name of Director	Month of Birth	Year of Birth
Paul Bellack	Jun	1955
Nick Rouse	Sep	1946
Janet Hunter	Jul	1952
Nicholas Owens	Dec	1954

3.2 All directors must be 16 or older. Please confirm this is this case:

[⊠] All directors are aged 16 or over

3.3 Societies are within the scope of the Company Director Disqualification Act 1986 (CDDA). Please confirm that no director is disqualified under that Act:

 \boxtimes No director is disqualified

3.4 Please state any close links which any of the directors has with any society, company or authority.

'Close links' includes any directorships or senior positions held by directors of the society in other organisations.

Paul Bellack, Director of The Ethical Property Company Ltd, Ethical Property Europe SA, Social Justice and Human Rights Center Ltd and thrive Developments Ltd. Nick Rouse, Director of Ouse Valley Energy Services CIC, Meadow Blue Community Energy CBS, Barcombe Energy and Eastry Energy Ltd. Janet Hunter, Director of Ouse Vlley Energy Services Company CIC

3.5 Please provide the name of the person who was secretary at the end of the financial year this return covers.

Societies must have a secretary

Nick Rouse Sep 1946	e of Secretary
	Rouse

4.1 Please confirm that:

 $^{ extsf{intermation}}$ accounts are being submitted with this form

 \boxtimes the accounts comply with relevant statutory and accounting requirements

 \boxtimes the accounts are signed by two members and the secretary (3 signatures in total)

4.2 Based on the accounts, please provide the information requested below for the financial year covered by this return.

Number of members	212
Turnover	58510
Assets	337069

Number of Employees	0
Share Capital	362169
Highest rate of interest paid on shares	4

4.3 What Standard Industrial Classification code best describes the society's main business?

Where more than one code applies, please select the code that you feel best describes the society's main business activity. You will find a full list of codes <u>here</u>

SIC Code

Production of electricity (35110)

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Societies are required to appoint an auditor to audited unless they are small or have disapplied this requirement. For further guidance see chapter 7 of our guidance: https://www.fca.org.uk/publication/finalised-guidance/fg15-12.pdf

5.1 Please select the audit option the society has complied with:

- Full Professional Audit
- $^{\rm O}$ Auditor's report on the accounts
- ^O Lay Audit
- No audit

5.2 Please confirm the audit option used by the society is compliant with the society's own rules and the Act

 $^{ ext{$\boxtimes$}}$ We have complied with the audit requirements

5.3 Please confirm any audit report (where required) is being submitted with this Annual Return

 $^{\rm O}$ Yes

• Not applicable

5.4 Is this society accepted by HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) as a charity for tax purposes?

 $^{\circ}$ Yes

No

5.5 If the society is registered with the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator (OSCR) please provide your OSCR registration number.

- Not applicable
- 5.6 Is the society a housing association?

No

 $^{\circ}$ Yes

6.1 Is the society a subsidiary of another society?

 $^{\circ}$ Yes

No

6.2 Does the society have one or more subsidiaries?

(As defined in sections 100 and 101 of the Act)

 $^{\circ}$ Yes

No

All societies are registered meeting one of two conditions for registration. These are that the society is either:

- a bona fide co-operative society ('co-operative society'); or
- are conducting business for the benefit of the community ('community benefit society').

You must answer the questions set out in in the next section of this form, depending on which condition for registration you meet.

If you are not sure which condition for registration applies to the society please see chapters 4 and 5 of our guidance <u>here</u>.

7.1 Condition for Registration

- $^{\bigcirc}$ Co-operative society
- Community Benefits society

Community benefit societies must answer the following questions in relation to the financial year covered by this return.

7B.1 What is the business of the society?

For example, did you provide social housing, run an amateur sports club etc.

Ovesco builds renewable energy projects in the form of photovoltaics on the roofs local businesses, schools and community buildings.

7B.2 Please describe the benefits to the community the society delivered?

Here we are looking to see what the benefits to the community were. Community can be said to be the community at large. For example, did you relieve poverty or homelessness through the provision of social housing.

We are able to reduce the electricity bills for the business or school that have solar panels. Additionally, the panels are used for education and information exchange with local communities, including pupils at the schools.

7B.3 Please describe how the society's business delivered these benefits?

The business of the society must be conducted for the benefit of the community. Please describe how the society's business (as described in answer to question 7B.1) provided benefit to the community.

Electricity monitors are provided in schools so pupils can access information about electricity generation. Directors and volunteers at the CBS give talks about renewable energy generation and the impact on CO2 emissions. The directors also attend STEM events in the area.

7B.4 Did the society work with a specific community, and if so, please describe it here?

For instance, were the society's activities confined to a specific location; or to a specific group of people? Please note that in serving the needs of any defined community, the society should not inhibit the benefit to the community at large.

The CBS focuses on business and schools in the Lewes District.

7B.5 What did the society do with any surplus or profit?

For instance, did you pay a dividend to members (and if so, on what basis); did money get reinvested in the business; put into reserves; used for some other purpose?

Excess profits are used to fund activities above.

7B.6 Please state any significant commercial arrangements that the society has, or had, with any other organisation that could create, or be perceived as creating, a conflict of interest.

Please tell us how you ensured that any such conflict of interest did not prevent the society from acting for the benefit of the community.

There are no arrangements that could create a conflict of interest

Company No. IP030875

Information for Filing with The Registrar

31 December 2020

Directors Report Registrar

The Directors present their report and the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was solar energy generation.

Directors

The Directors who served at any time during the year were as follows:

P.N. Bellack J.B. Hunter K. Kane N. Owens N.J. Rouse

(Resigned 15 October 2020)

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The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

mbellack

P.N. Bellack Director 27 April 2021

Balance Sheet Registrar

at 31 December 2020			
Company No. IP030875	Notes	2020	2019
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	247,433	331,576
	-	247,433	331,576
Current assets			
Debtors	6	38,761	9,577
Cash at bank and in hand		61,366	130,443
	_	100,127	140,020
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	7	(10,491)	(24,090)
Net current assets	Contract Into the Contract	89,636	115,930
Total assets less current liabilities		337,069	447,506
Net assets	and the second	337,069	447,506
Capital and reserves	ma Deneth 2014		
Called up share capital		362,169	391,419
Profit and loss account	8	(25,100)	56,087
Total equity	-	337,069	447,506

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.

For the year ended 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 84(1) of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 84(2) of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 27 April 2021

And signed on its behalf by:

P.N. Bellack Director 27 April 2021

Janer Hunt

Notes to the Accounts Registrar

for the year ended 31 December 2020

1 General information

OVESCO Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. Its registered number is: IP030875 Its registered office is: 2 Station Street Lewes East Sussex BN7 2DL

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) and the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.

2 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Notes to the Accounts Registrar

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Plant and machinery 5-10% Straight line

The directors have reassessed the useful lives of the plant & machinery and as a result an additional depreciation charge arises in the year of £34,708 to bring the assets into line with the new estimates.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Accounts Registrar

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Financial instruments

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

3 Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have had to make the following judgements:

Tangible Fixed assets (see note 5)

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. the actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

4 Employees

	2020	2019
	Number	Number
The average monthly number of employees (including	4	4
directors) during the year was:		

Notes to the Accounts Registrar

5 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery	Total
		£	£
Cost or revaluation			
At 1 January 2020		490,664	490,664
Disposals	-	(38,209)	(38,209)
At 31 December 2020	-	452,455	452,455
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2020		159,088	159,088
Charge for the year		59,593	59,593
Disposals		(13,659)	(13,659)
At 31 December 2020		205,022	205,022
Net book values			
At 31 December 2020		247,433	247,433
At 31 December 2019		331,576	331,576
Debtors			
	2020		2019
	£		£
Trade debtors	8,779		7,148
Corporation tax recoverable	1,264		-
VAT recoverable	3,748		1,791
Other debtors	24,332		
Prepayments and accrued income	638	-	638
	38,761		9,577
Creditors:			
amounts falling due within one year			
	2020		2019
	£		£
Trade creditors	9,842		10,142
Corporation tax	-		13,317
Accruals and deferred income	649		631
	10,491		24,090

8 Reserves

6

7

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

Notes to the Accounts Registrar

9 Related party disclosures

		2020	2019
Transactions with related partie	25	£	£
Name of related party	Eastry Energy Limited		
Description of relationship	A company that has common directors		
between the parties	with that of OVESCO Limited		
Description of transaction and	An interest free loan for the acquisition		
general amounts involved	of a solar project		
Amount due from/(to) the relate	d party	24,332	-
Name of related party	Ouse Valley Energy Services Co CIC		
Description of relationship	A company that has common directors		
between the parties	with that of OVESCO Limited		
Description of transaction and	Management charges for projects		
general amounts involved	owned by OVESCO Limited of £21,381		
	(2019: £21,381).		
Amount due from/(to) the relate	d party	(9,992)	(24,327)

2040